

Applied Combinatorics

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Answers to Selected Exercises¹

Chapter 5

Section 5.1.

1(b). $\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{2^k x^k}{k!};$

1(e). $1 + x + \frac{3x^2}{2!} + \sum_{k=3}^{\infty} \frac{x^k}{k!};$

2(b). $\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} x^{k+2};$

2(c). $\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^k}{(2k+1)!} x^{8k+4} = x^4 - \frac{x^{12}}{3!} + \frac{x^{20}}{5!} - \dots;$

3(a). $1 + x + x^2;$

3(d). $-x - x^2 + \frac{1}{1-x};$

3(j). $-1 - x + e^x;$

4(e). $(0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, \dots);$

4(h). $\left(6, \frac{2^1}{1!}, \frac{2^2}{2!}, \frac{2^3}{3!}, \dots, \frac{2^k}{k!}, \dots\right);$

4(k). $(1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, \dots);$

5(a). 1;

6(a). 0;

11. $3^n;$

13(b). $1 + 8x + 12x^2;$

14(b). $1 + 16x + 72x^2 + 96x^3 + 24x^4.$

Section 5.2.

1(a). $(0, 0, 1, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, -\frac{1}{4}, \dots);$

1(b). $(1, 0, -\frac{1}{3!}, 0, \frac{1}{5!}, 0, \dots);$

¹More solutions to come. Comments/Corrections would be appreciated and should be sent to: Barry Tesman (tesman@dickinson.edu) or Fred Roberts (froberts@dimacs.rutgers.edu).

1(e). $(9, 8, 5, 6, 5, 5, 5, \dots)$;

2(a). $(0, 1, 2, 3, \dots)$;

3(b). $a_k = \sum_{i=0}^k i$;

4(a). $a_k = 15(k + 1)$;

5. 5;

6. 38;

7(a). $(1, 4, 9, 27, 81, \dots)$;

8(a). $A(x) + (11 - a_3)x^3$;

10(a). $\frac{x}{(1-x)^2} + \frac{3}{1-x} = \frac{3-2x}{(1-x)^2}$;

11(b). $\frac{2x}{(1-x)^3}$;

17. $R(x, B) = 1 + 6x + 11x^2 + 8x^3 + 2x^4$.

Section 5.3.

1(a). $(1 + x + x^2)^2(1 + x + x^2 + x^3)^2$, coefficient of x^5 ;

1(e). $(1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + x^4 + x^5 + x^6)^2(x^4 + x^5 + x^6 + x^7)$, coefficient of x^{12} ;

1(i). $(1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + x^4 + \dots + x^{12})^8$, coefficient of x^{12} ;

1(m). $(1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + \dots)(1 + x^5 + x^{10} + x^{15} + \dots)(1 + x^{10} + x^{20} + x^{30} + \dots)(1 + x^{25} + x^{50} + x^{75} + \dots)$, coefficient of x^{100} ;

2. $(1 + x)^3(1 + x + x^2 + \dots)$, coefficient of x^5 ;

8. $(1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + x^4)^3(1 + x + x^2 + x^3)(1 + x + \dots + x^7)(1 + x + \dots + x^{12})$;

13(c). $(1 + x)(1 + x^2)(1 + x^3) \cdots (1 + x^k)$.

Section 5.4.

1(b). -10;

2(a). 35;

3. $-\frac{1}{9}$;

6. $\binom{16}{11}$;

11. $\binom{12}{7}$;

13(b). $\binom{p+k-1}{k}$;

18(b). $\binom{n-1}{r-1}$;

21. 37.

Section 5.5.

1(b). e^{3x} ;

1(c). $e^x - x - \frac{x^2}{2!}$;

2(a). $a_k = 4k!$;

2(g). $a_k = 2^k + 5^k$;

6(a). $\left(1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^3}{3!}\right)^2 (1 + x)^2$, coefficient of $\frac{x^3}{3!}$;

6(d). $(1 + x + x^2 + \cdots + x^{2n})^3$, coefficient of x^{3n} ;

12. $(e^x - 1)^p$;

14. $\frac{1}{2}[5^k - 3^k]$;

19(b). $\left[\frac{3^0}{0!} + \frac{3^1}{1!} + \frac{3^2}{2!} + \frac{3^3}{3!}\right] 3!$

Section 5.6.

1(a). $G(x) = \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3}x + \frac{1}{3}x^2$, $E = 1$, $V = \frac{2}{3}$;

7(a). $\frac{px}{1+px-x}$;

8(b). $E = \frac{qm}{p}$, $V = \frac{q^2m}{p^2} + \frac{qm}{p}$.

Section 5.7.

1(d). Coleman: $0, \frac{4}{8}, \frac{4}{8}, \frac{4}{8}$; Banzhaf: $0, \frac{4}{12}, \frac{4}{12}, \frac{4}{12}$;

2(b). $[5; 4, 2, 1, 1]$;

4(c). $\frac{5}{12}, \frac{3}{12}, \frac{3}{12}, \frac{1}{12}$.